Step1: Log In

Log in by entering your log-in name/password. In the menu on the lower-left, click

Step2: Create directories

1. Start a terminal window by clicking K → System → Console

1.Check your current location. What does it say?

Ans : pwd

2. If you are not in your home directory, change your current location to your home

directory.

Ans : cd ..

3. List all files in your current location. How many files do you have?

Ans : ls-l, 100

4. If you don't already have one, create a directory called “labs”, then cd to “labs”, and

create a directory called “linux\_lab”.

Ans : mkdir labs

cd labs

/labs$ mkdir linux\_lab to create directory for “linux\_lab”.

5. Change directory to linux\_lab.

Ans : /labs$ cd linux\_lab. Output-/labs/linuk\_lab$

6. Check your current location.

Ans :/labs/linux\_lab$ pwd

/home/gurreddy/labs/linux\_lab

7. Create subdirectories called michigan, indiana, and ohio under this directory.

Ans : labs/linux\_lab$ mkdir michigan,

labs/linux\_lab$ mkdir indiana,

labs/linux\_lab$ mkdir ohio.

8. List all files in your current location and check that they should be 3 subdirectories.

Ans : labs/linux\_lab$ ls

Output- Michigan Indiana ohio

9. Now move to the michigan directory with the cd command.

Ans : labs/linux\_lab$ cd michigan

10. Create 2 subdirectories called detroit and lansing.

Ans : labs/linux\_lab/Michigan$ mkdir detroit

labs/linux\_lab/Michigan$ mkdir lansing

11. Examine the differences between ls and ls –l. What does column 5 show ?

Ans : ls is showing two directories detroit and lansing.

Ls -l is showing total 8 files but displaying detroit and lansing at last of the coloum.

5th coloum is showing the size of directory-4096

12. Move to the indiana subdirectory from michigan.

Ans : cd ..

cd Indiana

result path- labs/linux\_lab/indiana

13. Create other 2 subdirectories under Indiana : Indianapolis and tipton

Ans : labs/linux\_lab/indiana$ mkdir Indianapolis

labs/linux\_lab/indiana$ mkdir tipton

14. List all files, including hidden files. What is the .. file?

Ans : ls -al

15. Move to the ohio subdirectory.

Ans : cd ..

cd ohio

result path- labs/linux\_lab/ohio$

16. Create other 2 subdirectories. What happens if you type cd ashland?

Ans : labs/linux\_lab/ohio$ mkdir a

labs/linux\_lab/ohio$ mkdir b

“bash: cd: ashland: No such file or directory” this error is shown when trying to give cd ashland

17. Create a text file

a) Type your name and your address.

b) Save the document and name it “address.txt” in your linux\_lab folder.

Ans: labs/linux\_lab$ cat > address.txt

18. Look at the contents of address.txt from the command line.

Ans : cat address.txt

19. Copy your “address.txt” file to the assigned subdirectories (lansing, indianapolis, and

columbus).

Ans : labs/linux\_lab$ cp address.txt ./michihan/lansing

Labs/linux\_lab/Michigan/lansing/cp address.txt

./ ../ ../Indiana/Indianapolis

Labs/linux\_lab/Michigan/lansing/cp address.txt ./ ../ ../ ../columbs

20. Write down to revoke write and execute from the address file from everyone ?

Ans : labs/linux\_lab$ ls : labs/linux\_lab$ cat address.txt

labs/linux\_lab/Michigan/lansing$ ls: labs/linux\_lab/Michigan/lansing$ cat address.txt

labs/linux\_lab/indiana/indianapolis$ ls : labs/linux\_lab/indiana/indianapolis$ cat address.txt

labs/linux\_lab/ohio/a$ ls : labs/linux\_lab/ohio/a$ cat address.txt

21. Write down to grant all the permission to user for address file (Use Digits)

Ans : chmod 777 address.txt

22. Write down a command to give read permission to address file to a user “Kapoor” ?

Ans : setfacl -m u:Kapoor:r address.txt

23. Rename address.txt to mycurrentaddress.txt

Ans : mv address.txt mycurrentaddress.txt

24. use grep to print the city name complete line from mycurrentaddress.txt

Ans : grep -i ”vinukonda” mycurrentaddress,txt

25. Write the command to Install banner command ?

Ans : sudo apt install sysvbanner

--------------YAML & JSON -----------------

Create a YAML and JSON file for storing productdetails such as product, price, quantity, orderNumber .

1. OrderNumber will further divided into orderDate and OrderInvoiceValue.
2. product will be further divided into productName productDescription and productRating

Solution 1 (JSON):

{

"productdetails": [

{

"product": [

"productName",

"productDescription",

"productRating"

]

},

"price",

"quantity",

{

"orderNumber": [

"orderDate",

"orderInvoiceValue"

]

}

]

}

Solution 2 (YAML):

---

productdetails:

- product :

- productName

- productDescription

- productRating

- price

- quantity

- orderNumber :

- orderDate

- orderInvoiceValue

...